





# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/693,117	10/20/2000 590 06/04/2003	Lynn David Bollinger	03371-P0005A LHR	7816
Louis H Reens St Onge Steward Johnston & Reens LLC 986 Bedford Street			EXAMINER	
			WILCZEWSK	CI, MARY A
Stamford, CT 06905-5619			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2822	
			DATE MAILED: 06/04/2003	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



## Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/693,117 Applicant(s)

Bollinger et al.

Examiner

Mary Wilczewski

Art Unit 2822



-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -

#### **Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE (3) MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (8) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

- Any re	to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status						
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on March 28,	2002 and January 23, 2003 .				
2a) 🗌	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)	on is non-final.				
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance e closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pair	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is re Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposi	tion of Claims					
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u>	is/are pending in the application.				
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) 💢	Claim(s) <u>11-22</u>	is/are allowed.				
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-8</u>	is/are rejected.				
7) 💢	Claim(s) 9 and 10	is/are objected to.				
8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Applica	ntion Papers					
9) 💢	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)💢	The drawing(s) filed on Dec 11, 2000 is/are	a) 💢 accepted or b) 🗆 objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) $\square$ approved b) $\square$ disapproved by the Examiner				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	to this Office action.				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) 🗌	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	fiority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) [	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:					
	1. $\square$ Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received.				
	2. $\square$ Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received in Application No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the					
14) 🗌	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	·				
a)[	~ ¬					
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic					
Attachm	•	priority dilator of oldior 33 120 ana/or 721.				
_	otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).				
	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
3) 💢 lm	3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 4, 6, 7 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2822

#### DETAILED ACTION

This Office action is in response to Preliminary Amendment A filed on March 28, 2002, and Preliminary Amendment B filed on January 23, 2003.

### **Drawings**

The formal drawings filed on December 11, 2000, are acceptable.

## Response to Amendment

The amendment filed March 28, 2002, is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132 because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132 states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: It is not readily apparent to the Examiner that the amendments to the specification were necessary to correct mathematical errors, hence, these amendments are considered new matter. Applicant is invited to show that these amendments merely correct mathematical errors and do not introduce new matter into the originally-filed specification.

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Art Unit: 2822

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, First Paragraph

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter

which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled

in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the

claimed invention. The equation in claim 3 has been amended after the filing of the application in

order to correct mathematical errors. It is not readily apparent to the Examiner that this

amendment actually corrects a mathematical error, accordingly, this amendment to claim 3 is

considered new matter. Applicant is invited to show that this amendment merely corrects a

mathematical error.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, Second Paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the

subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing

to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the

invention.

The claim from which claim 7 is to depend has been inadvertently omitted from line 1 of

the claim. For the purpose of the Office action, it has been presumed that claim 7 should depend

from claim 1.

Page 3

Art Unit: 2822

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4, 5, 6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Siniaguine et al., WO 97/45856, cited by Applicants.

Siniaguine et al. disclose a method for rapid thermal processing of a substrate in which a substrate is moved through a hot gas stream at a velocity which results in a temperature differential formed throughout the thickness of the substrate, see the abstract and pages 4-10. It is noted that the claims merely require the temperature of the hot gas stream to be "substantially above" the substrate surface temperature, but do not expressly recite any specific temperatures. It is apparent from the mathematical equations in the Siniaguine et al. patent that the temperature of the gas stream is higher than the substrate surface temperature. Since the temperature of the gas stream used in the method of Siniaguine et al. is higher than the substrate surface temperature, the instant claims are not deemed to patentably distinguish the claimed method from that of Siniaguine et al.

Page 5

Art Unit: 2822

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Siniaguine et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Siniaguine, WO 97/45862, cited by Applicants.

Siniaguine et al. is applied as above. Siniaguine et al. lack anticipation only of using a substrate holder of the non-contact vortex type. Siniaguine 97/45862 disclose a non-contact vortex holder for wafer-like substrates which avoids physical contact between the wafer-like substrate and the holder thereby eliminating mechanical stress on the substrate while it is being held. Siniaguine further discloses that the holder is particularly suited for use in apparatuses using a reactive gas generated by an electrical discharge, see pages 1, 2, and 11. Therefore, in light of the disclosure of Siniaguine, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art that the substrate holder of Siniaguine could have been used in the known method of Siniaguine et al. to prevent any mechanical stress to the substrate while it is held.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Siniaguine et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Zorina et al., U.S. Patent 5,474,642, cited by Applicants.

Siniaguine et al. is applied as above. Siniaguine et al. lack anticipation only of the power density of the hot gas stream. Zorina et al. disclose an apparatus for treating a substrate with a hot gas stream, see the abstract and Figures 1 and 6. Zorina et al. disclose that the apparatus can be operated at a power density of approximately 10<sup>7</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup>, see column 2, lines 30-50. Since the apparatus of Zorina et al. is similar to that of Siniaguine et al., it would have been obvious to one

Page 6

Art Unit: 2822

skilled in the art that the power density of the gas stream used in the apparatus of Zorina et al. could have been used in the operation of the apparatus of Siniaguine et al.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 11-22 are allowable over the prior art of record.

Claims 9 and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: None of the references of record disclose a method of processing a substrate with a hot gas stream having a power density above about 5 x 10<sup>7</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup> wherein the stream has a cross-sectional area less than the surface area of the substrate to be treated by the hot gas stream. Concerning claim 22, none of the references of record disclose a substrate etching method for removing a polymer from the substrate by directing a gas stream having a heat flux in the range of 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>7</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup> on the substrate surface.

Art Unit: 2822

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The additionally cited references disclose various apparatuses and methods of processing substrates using a gas stream or jet.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Wilczewski whose telephone number is (703) 308-2771.

M. Wilczewski Primary Examiner Tech Center 2800